

Probabilistic ~~Forecasting~~ *Decision Making*

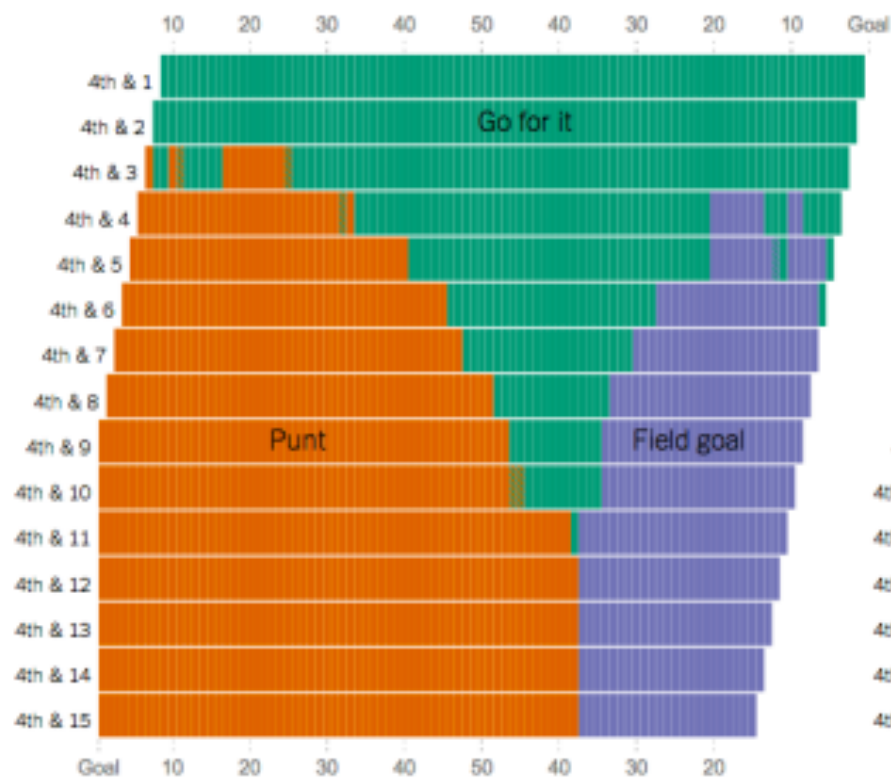
When do you want it?

Topic presented by:

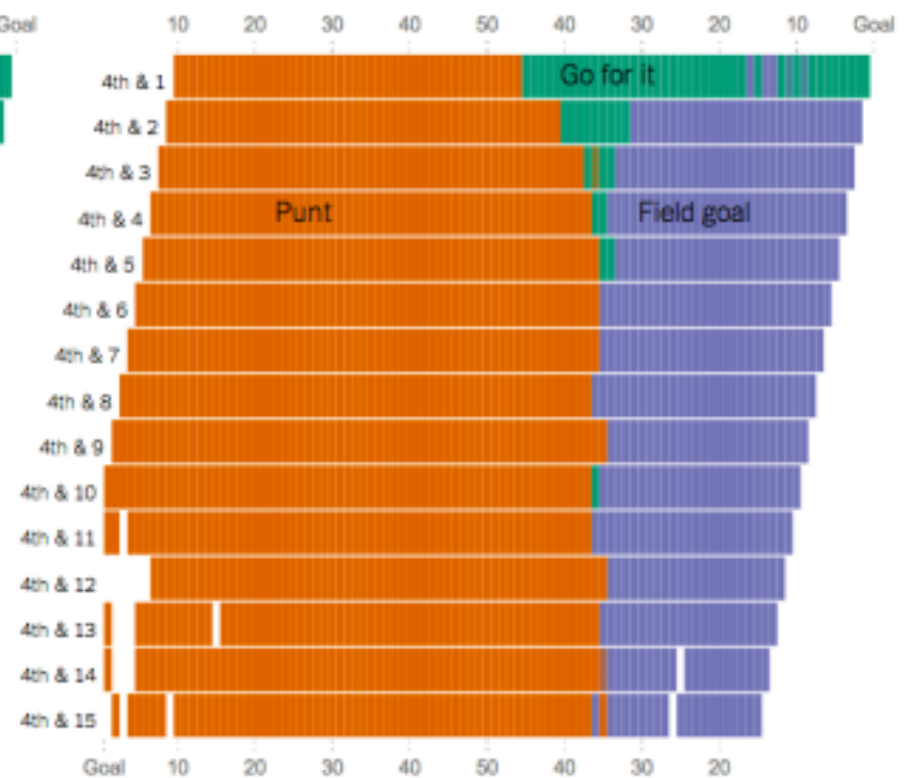
Larry Maccherone

@LMaccherone

WHAT NYT 4TH DOWN BOT RECOMMENDS ON 4TH DOWN

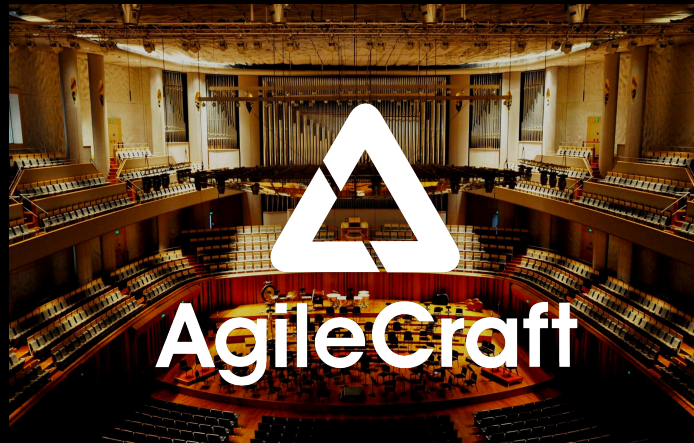


WHAT N.F.L. COACHES DO MOST OFTEN



**Bias eats good decisions
for breakfast**

**By understanding
probabilistic decision
making, we learn to trust
and overcome bias**



Larry
Maccherone
@LMaccherone

**Every decision is a
forecast!**

**You are forecasting that
your choice will have better
outcomes than the other
alternatives**

So...

quality of decision depends upon:

1. alternatives considered, and
2. models used to forecast the outcome of those alternatives.

Probabilistic models are superior

A close-up photograph of a football player's hand, wearing a black glove, reaching down to touch a brown leather football on a green grass field. To the right of the ball is a red yard marker with a black base and a silver clip. An orange chain is stretched across the grass in front of the ball. The background is blurred, showing other players and the field.

**Probabilistically, it's
better to go for it on 4th
down more often than
coaches do**

An aerial night photograph of a large stadium, likely the Tottenham Hotspur Stadium, with its distinctive red and white curved roof. The stadium is illuminated, and the surrounding area is filled with city lights. Numerous bright fireworks are exploding in the dark sky above the stadium, creating a festive atmosphere. A semi-transparent white box is overlaid on the lower half of the image, containing text.

For a given alternative, let:

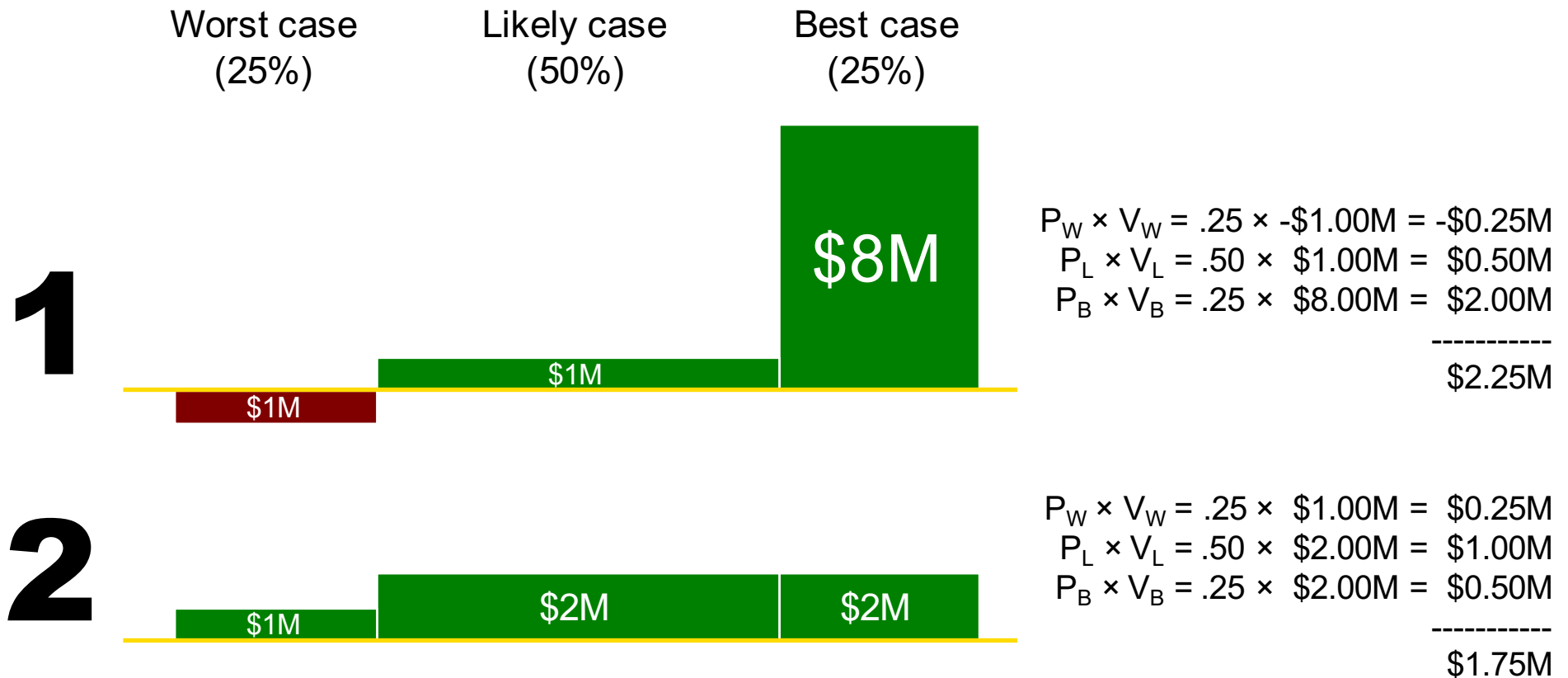
P_g = Probability of good thing happening

V_g = “Value” of good thing happening

Then:

Value of the alternative = $P_g \times V_g$

**An
lean/agile product
management example**



Which strategy is best...
 ...for your company?
 ...for your career?

If you get only **1** project then
strategy 2 is better
75% of the time

If you get ∞ projects then
strategy 1 is better
100% of the time

How many projects do you need for
strategy 1 to be better
more often than not?

Using Monte Carlo simulation to predict elections ... and sports outcomes

```

1 iterations = 10000
2
3 lumenize = require('./lumenize')
4 {RandomPicker, utils, table} = lumenize
5 xForm = lumenize.csvStyleArray_To_ArrayOfMaps
6
7 config1 = {distribution: [{p: 0.25, value: -1}, {p: 0.50, value: 1}, {p: 0.25, value: 8}]}
8 picker1 = new RandomPicker(config1)
9
10 config2 = {distribution: [{p: 0.25, value: 1}, {p: 0.50, value: 2}, {p: 0.25, value: 2}]}
11 picker2 = new RandomPicker(config2)
12
13 strategy1Better = (numberOfProjects) ->
14   winsForStrategy1 = 0
15   for i in [1..iterations]
16     strategy1Profit = strategy2Profit = 0
17     for j in [1..numberOfProjects]
18       strategy1Profit += picker1.get()
19       strategy2Profit += picker2.get()
20     if strategy1Profit > strategy2Profit
21       winsForStrategy1++
22   return '' + Math.floor(100 * winsForStrategy1 / iterations) + '%'
23
24 results = [['Number of Projects', '% Strategy 1 Wins']]
25
26 for numberOfProjects in [1..4]
27   results.push([numberOfProjects, strategy1Better(numberOfProjects)])
28
29 while numberOfProjects < 100
30   numberOfProjects *= 2
31   results.push([numberOfProjects, strategy1Better(numberOfProjects)])
32
33 utils.log(table.toString(xForm(results)))

```

Play with it yourself at:
<http://jsfiddle.net/lmaccherone/j3wh61r7/>

Number of Projects	% Strategy 1 Wins
1	25%
2	43%
3	55%
4	59%
10	64%
20	72%
40	80%
80	90%
160	96%



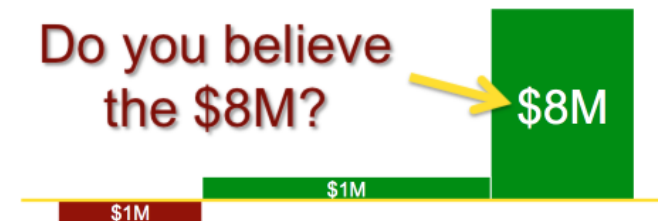
Emotion and bias plays a part



Did any of you get emotional about the \$1M loss?

Did any of you want to question the \$8M number?

1



We've totally...

...eliminated fear from the equation

...changed the nature of the conversation

Argument is about *who* is right.
Decision making is about *what* is right.

**Getting
probability
input you
can trust**

HOW TO MEASURE ANYTHING

FINDING THE VALUE OF
"INTANGIBLES" IN BUSINESS

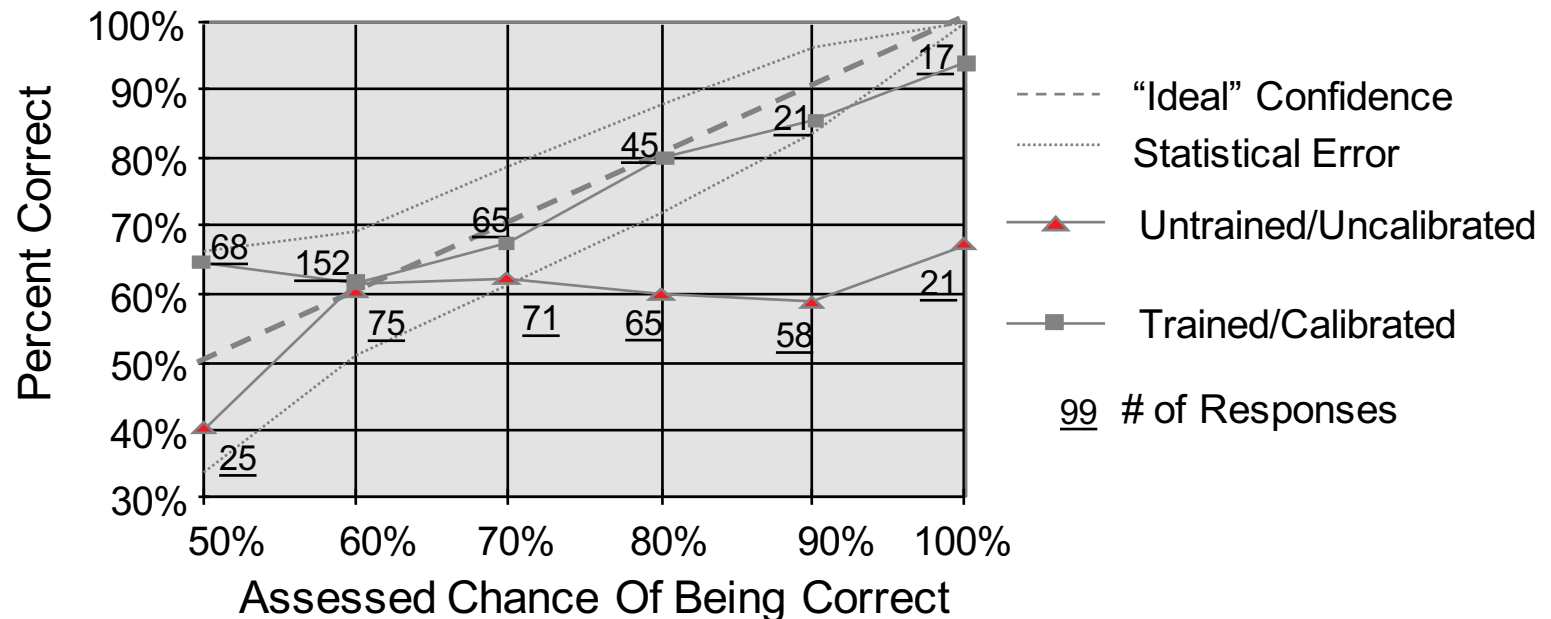


2nd
Edition
REVISED,
EXPANDED &
SIMPLIFIED

DOUGLAS W. HUBBARD

We are inaccurate when assessing probabilities

But, training can “calibrate” people so that of all the times they say they are X% confident, they will be right X% of the time



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dwhubbard@hubbardresearch.com

Equivalent Bet calibration

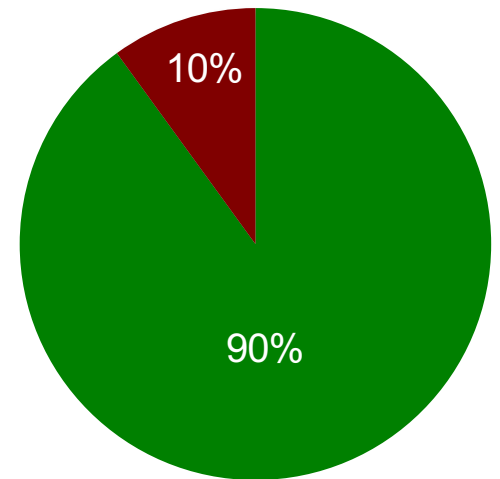
What year did Newton published the Universal Laws of Gravitation?

Pick year range that you are **90% certain** it would fall within.

Win \$1,000:

1. It is within your range; or
2. You spin this wheel and it lands green

Adjust your range until 1 and 2 seem equal.



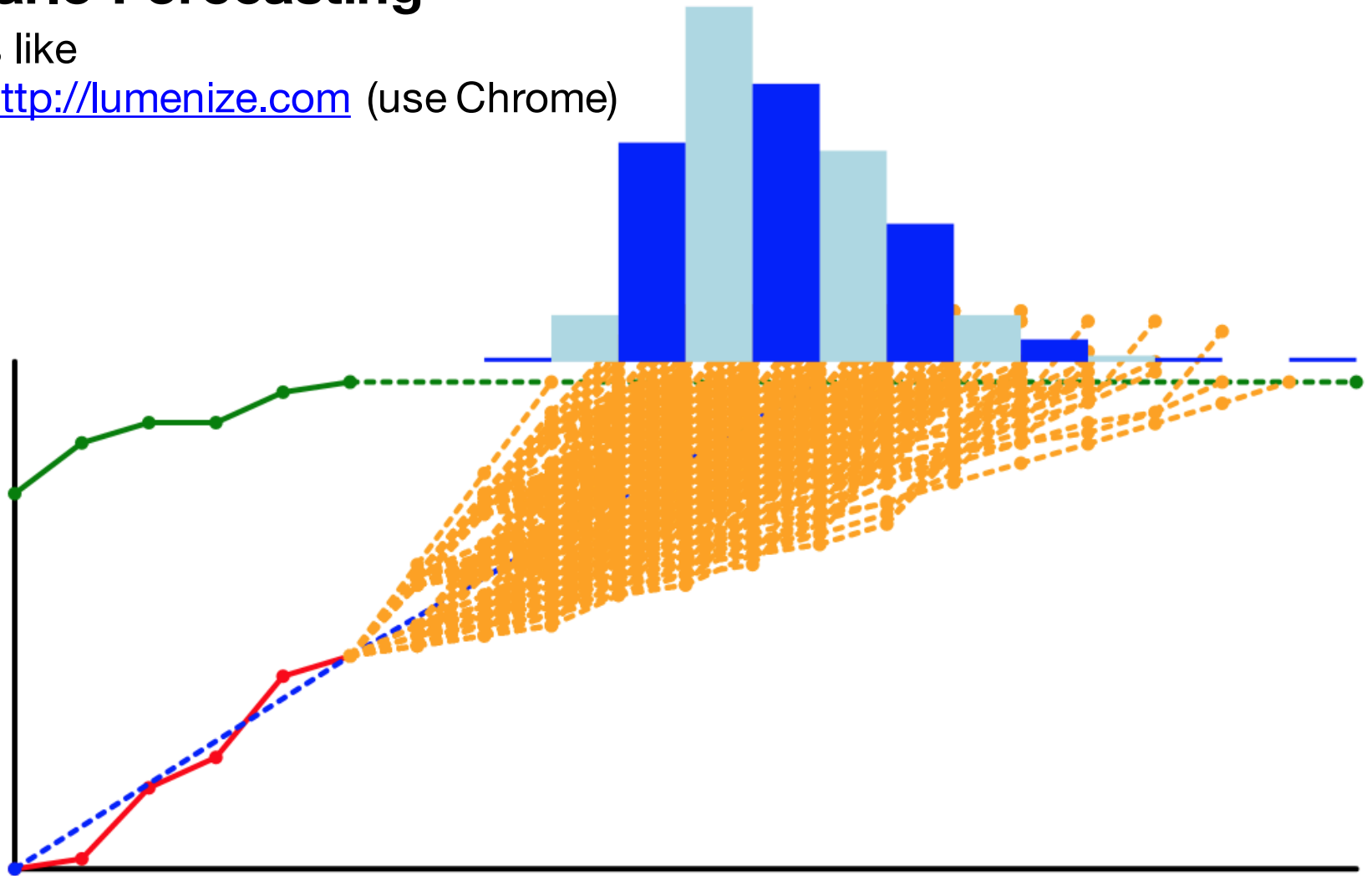
Even pretending to bet money works.

An agile delivery date forecast example

Monte Carlo Forecasting

What it looks like

Live demo: <http://lumenize.com> (use Chrome)



**Seek to
change the nature of
the conversation**

Getting even more sophisticated

1. Only use slopes after it stabilizes. Discard the first N.
(Lumenize has v-optimal algorithm for finding this inflection point)
2. Weight later slopes more heavily.
3. Markov chain pattern reproduction. Accomplishes 1 and 2 above automatically.
4. Simulate the movement of each individual work item through the system. Can find bottlenecks and help optimize your role balance.
Troy Magennis has the expertise and tools for this.

Using measurement in an agile environment

Here
be Dragons



**... but for those brave enough to journey
into the dangerous world of
agile measurement
there are great riches to be had.**

The trick is to slay the dragons.

The Dragons of Agile Measurement

If you do metrics wrong, you will harm your agile transformation

- 1. Dragon:** Measurement as a lever
Slayer: Measurement as feedback
- 2. Dragon:** Unbalanced metrics
Slayer: 1 each for Do it fast/right/on-time, and Keep doing it
- 3. Dragon:** Metrics can replace thinking
Slayer: Metrics compliment thinking
- 4. Dragon:** Expensive metrics
Slayer: 1st work with the data you are already passively gathering
- 5. Dragon:** Using a convenient metric
Slayer: Outcomes \leftarrow Decisions \leftarrow Insight \leftarrow Metric (ODIM)
- 6. Dragon:** Bad analysis
Slayer: Simple stats and simulation
- 7. Dragon:** Single outcome forecasts
Slayer: Forecasts w/ probability

Dragon #1

Manipulating Others

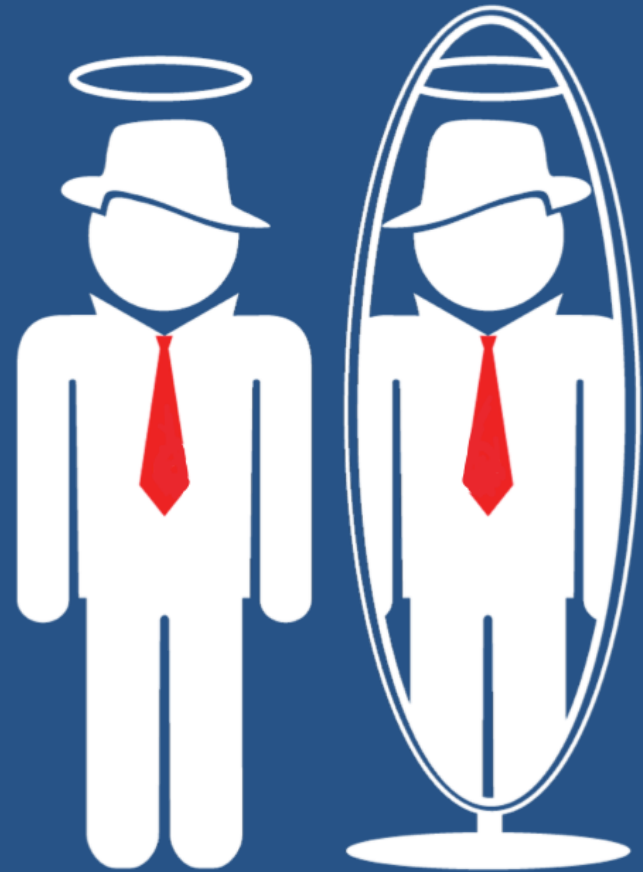
Using metrics as a
lever to drive
someone else's
behavior



Dragon slayer #1

Self Improvement

Using metrics to
reflect on your own
performance



Dragon #5
Using a convenient metric
aka “Lamp post metrics”



Good players?

**Monta Ellis
9th highest scorer
(8th last season)**

**Carmelo Anthony (Melo)
8th highest scorer
(3rd last season)**



Dragon slayer #5

ODIM

like Vic Basili's
Goal-Question-Metric (GQM)
but without
ISO/IEC 15939 baggage



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**What?
So what?
NOW WHAT?**

**My 2nd talk
3:45 Wednesday
National Harbor 6/7**

Top 10 criteria for great visualization

Credits:

- Edward Tufte
- Stephen Few
- Gestalt
(School of Psychology)

1. Answers the question, "Compared with what?"
(SO What?)
2. Shows causality, or is at least informed by it.
(NOW WHAT?)
3. Tells a story with whatever it takes.
4. Is credible.
5. Has business value or impact in its social context.
6. Shows differences easily.
7. Allows you to see the forest AND the trees.
8. Informs along multiple dimensions.
9. Leaves in the numbers where possible.
10. Leaves out glitter.



Now what?

Enter feedback in Sched App

Come to the AgileCraft booth:

- Questions answered
- Demo of how AgileCraft surfaces probabilistic visualizations and is the best way to scale agile

**Come to my talk on
Wednesday at 3:45:**

- Using data to influence
- Top 10 criteria for great visualization

“They” say...

Nobody knows what's gonna happen next: not on a freeway, not in an airplane, not inside our own bodies and certainly not on a racetrack with 40 other infantile egomaniacs.

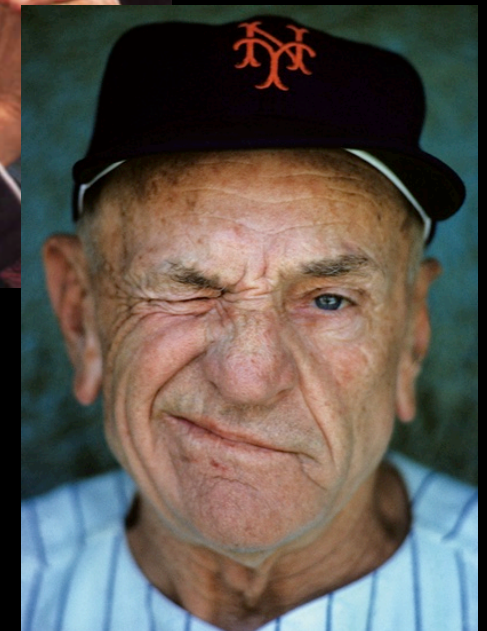
– Days of Thunder

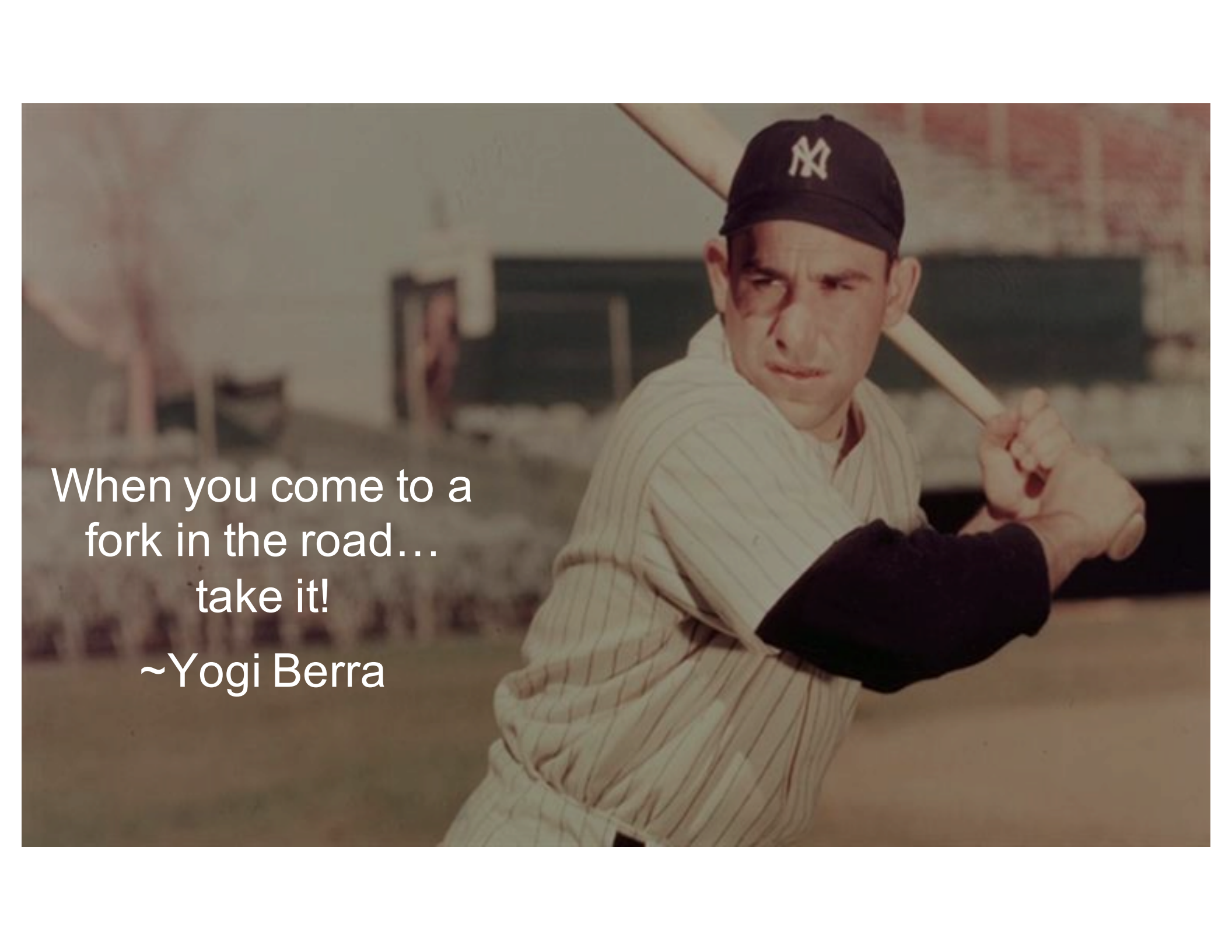
Trying to predict the future is like trying to drive down a country road at night with no lights while looking out the back window.

– Peter Drucker

Never make predictions, especially about the future.

– Casey Stengel





When you come to a
fork in the road...
take it!

~Yogi Berra



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